Telangana State Council of Higher Education, Govt. of Telangana B.Sc - CBCS Common Core Syllabi for all Universities in Telangana B.Sc –BIOTECHNOLOGY (2019 onwards)

# Telangana State Council of Higher Education, Govt. of Telangana B.Sc., CBCS Common Core Syllabi for all Universities inTelangana B.Sc - Biotechnology (*wef* 2019)

	B.Sc - Blotechnology (wef	2017)		
	FIRST YEAR- SEMEST	ER I		
CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE TYPE	HPW	CREDITS
BS 101	Environmental Science/Basic Computer Skills	AECC-1	2	2
BS 102	English	CC-1A	4	4
BS 103	Second language	CC-2A	4	4
<b>BS 104</b>	Optional I- Cell biology and Genetics	DSC-1A	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
BS 105	Optional II	DSC-2A		4+1=5
BS 106	Optional III	DSC-3A		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25
	FIRST YEAR- SEMESTH	ERII		
BS 201	Gender Sensitization	AECC-2	2	2
BS 202	English	CC-1B	4	4
BS 203	Second language	CC-2B	4	4
<b>BS 204</b>	<b>Optional I- Biological Chemistry and Microbiology</b>	DSC-1B	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
BS 205	Optional II	DSC-2B		4+1=5
BS 206	Optional III	DSC-3B		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25
	SECOND YEAR- SEMEST	FR III		
BS 301	SEC 1: Industrial Fermentation	SEC-1	2	2
BS 302	SEC 2:Immunological techniques	SEC-2	2	2
BS 303	English	CC-1C	3	3
BS 304	Second language	CC-2C	3	3
BS 305	Optional I- Molecular Biology and	DSC-1C	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
	Recombinant DNA Technology			
BS 306	Optional II	DSC-2C		4+1=5
BS 307	Optional III	DSC-3C		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25
	SECOND YEAR- SEMEST	ER IV		-
BS 401	SEC 3: Molecular markers in plant breeding	SEC-3	2	2
BS402	SEC 4: Drug designing	SEC-4	2	2
BS 403	English	CC-1D	3	3
BS 404	Second language	CC-2D	3	3
BS 405	Optional I- Bioinformatics and Biostatistics	DSC-1D	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
BS 406	Optional II	DSC-2D		4+1=5
BS 407	Optional III	DSC-3D		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25

	THIRD YEAR- SEMESTI	ER V		
CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE TYPE	HPW	CREDITS
BS 501	English	CC-1E	3	3
BS 502	Second language	CC-2E	3	3
BS 503	Basics in Biotechnology	GE	4	4
BS 504	Optional I- A/B (A) Plant Biotechnology or (B) Medical Biotechnology	DSE -1E	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
BS 505	Optional- II A/B	DSE -2E		4+1=5
BS 506	Optional- III A/B	DSE -3E		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25
	THIRD YEAR- SEMESTER	VI		
BS 601	Project in Biotechnology/ Optional I: (IPR, Biosafety and Entrepreneurship)	Project work/Opt.P		4
BS 602	English	CC-1F	3	3
BS 603	Second language	CC-2F	3	3
BS 604	Optional II- A/B (A) Animal Biotechnology or (B) Environmental Biotechnology	DSE-1F	4T+3P=7	4+1=5
BS 605	Optional- II A/B	DSE -2F		4+1=5
BS 606	Optional- III A/B	DSE -3F		4+1=5
	TOTAL			25
	TOTAL			25

# Total credits= 164-12 (AECC 4 + SEC 8) =15

AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course SEC: Skill Enhancement Course DSC: Discipline Specific Course DSE: Discipline Specific Elective GE: Generic Elective

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY I YEAR SEMESTER- I Optional I (DSC-1A) BS 104: CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS

# 1. Unit : Cell structure and Functions

1.1. Cell as basic unit of living organisms-bacterial, fungal, plant and animalcells 1.2. Ultrastructure of prokaryotic cell (cell membrane and plasmids,Nucleoid)

1.3. Ultrastructure of eukaryotic cell (cell wall, cell membrane, nucleus, mitochondria, chloroplast, endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus, vacuoles)

1.4. Fluid mosaic model, Sandwich model, Cell membranepermeability

1.5. Structure of chromosome-morphology, components of chromosomes (histones and

non-histones), specialized chromosomes (Polytene,Lampbrush)

1.6. Chromosomal aberrations- structural and numerical

# 2. Unit: Cell Division and Cellcycle

- 2.1. Bacterial cell division
- 2.2. Eukaryotic cell cycle phases
- 2.3. Mitosis Stages (spindleassembly)-significance
- 2.4. Meiosis- Stages (synaptonemalcomplex)-significance
- 2.5. Senescence and necrosis
- 2.6. Apoptosis

# 3. Unit: Principles and mechanism of inheritance

3.1. Mendel's experiments- factors contributing to success of Mendel's experiments 3.2.Law of segregation- Monohybrid Ratio; Law of independent assortment- Dihybrid ratio,Trihybridratio

3.3.Deviation from Mendel's laws- partial or incomplete dominance (eg: Flower Color in Mirabilis jalapa), Co-dominance (eg: MN Blood groups), Non allelic interactions-types of epistasis, modification of dihybrid ratios

3.4. Penetrance and Expressivity (eg: Polydactyly, Waardenburg syndrome), pleiotropism, phenocopy- microcephaly, cleftlip.

3.5. Multiple alleles (eg: Coat color in Rabbits, eye color in Drosophila and ABO Blood groups)

3.6. X-Y chromosomes - Sex determination in Drosophila, Man, X-linked inheritance - Hemophilia and Color blindness;X-inactivation.

# 4. Unit: Linkage, Recombination and Extension to Mendel'sLaws

4.1. Linkage and recombination- Cytological proof of crossing over, phases of linkage, recombination frequency, gene mapping and map distance

4.2. Non-Mendelian Inheritance - Maternal effect (Shell coiling in snail), variegation in leaves of Mirabilisjalapa

4.3. Cytoplasmic male sterility inMaize.

- 4.4. Mitochondrial inheritance in human and poky in Neurosporacrassa
- 4.5. Chloroplast inheritance in Chlamydomonas

4.6. Hardy-WeinbergEquilibrium.

# **OPTIONAL I: PRACTICALS CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS**

- 1. Microscopic observation of cells: bacteria, fungi, plant andanimal
- 2. Preparation of different stages of Mitosis (onion roottips)
- 3. Preparation of different stages of Meiosis (grasshoppertestis)
- 4. Preparation of Polytene chromosome from Drosophila salivarygland
- 5. Monohybrid and dihybrid ratio inDrosophila
- 6. Monohybrid and dihybrid ratio inMaize
- 7. Problems on co-dominance, epistasis, two point and three point test cross, gene mapping.
- 8. Statistical applications of Hardy-WeinbergEquilibrium

#### Spotters:

- 1. ProkaryoticCell (Bacteria)
- 2. Mitochondria
- 3. Chlorolplast
- 4. PolyteneChromosomes
- 5. Test Cross
- 6. BloodGrouping
- 7. HemophiliaPedigree
- 8. CrossingOver
- 9. SynaptonemalComplex
- 10. NucleosomeModel

- 1. Cell & Molecular Biology. E.D.D De Robertis & E.M.F De Robertis, Waverly publication
- 2. AnintroductiontoGeneticAnalysisbyAnthony,J.F.J.A.Miller,D.T.Suzuki,R.C. Richard Lewontin, W.M-Gilbert, W.H. Freemanpublication
- 3. Principles of Genetics by E.J.Gardner and D.P. Snusted. John Wiley & Sons, NewYork
- 4. ThescienceofGenetics,byA.G.AtherlyJ.R.Girton,J.F.Mcdonald,Saundern College publication
- 5. Principles of Genetics by R.H. TamarinMcGrawhill
- 6. Theory & problems in Genetics by Stansfield, Schaum out line seriesMcGrawhill
- 7. Molecular Cell Biology Lodish, H., Baltimore, D; fesk, A., Zipursky S.L., Matsudaride, P. and Darnel. American Scientific Books. W.H. Freeman, New York
- 8. The cell: A molecular approach. Geoffrey M Cooper, Robert E Hausman, ASMpress
- 9. Cell and Molecular Biology, Concepts and Experiments Gerald Karp, John Wiley& Sons,Inc.
- 10. Cell Biology And Genetics by P.K.GUPTA

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY I YEAR SEMESTER- II OPTIONAL I (DSC-1B) BS 204: BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY AND MICROBIOLOGY

## 1. Unit: Biomolecules

1.1. Carbohydrates- importance, classification; structure and functions of monosaccharides (glucose & fructose), disaccharides (sucrose, lactose & maltose) and polysachharides (starch, glycogen & insulin)

1.2. Amino acids- importance, classification, structure, physical and chemical properties of amino acids; peptide bond formation

1.3. Proteins- importance, structure of proteins- primary, secondary, tertiary andquaternary

1.4. Lipids- importance, classification- simple lipids (triacylglycerides & waxes), complex lipids (phospholipids & glycolipids), derived lipids (steroids, terpenes & carotenoids)

1.5. Nucleic acids:structure and chemistry of DNA (Watson and crick) and

RNA(TMV) structure and forms of DNA (A, B andZ)

1.6. Enzymes- importance, classification and nomenclature; Michaelis-Menton Equation, factors influencing the enzyme reactions; enzyme inhibition (competitive, uncompetitive & mixed), co-enzymes

# 2. Unit: Bioenergetics

- 2.1. Glycolysis, Tricarboxylic Acid (TCA)Cycle
- 2.2. Electron Transport, OxidativePhosphorylation
- 2.3. Gluconeogenesis and itssignificance
- 2.4. Transamination and Oxidative deamination reactions of aminoacids
- 2.5. β-Oxidation of Fattyacids
- 2.6. Glyoxalatecycle.

# 3. Unit: Fundamentals of Microbiology

3.1. Historical development of microbiology and contributors of microbiology

3.2. Microscopy: Bright field microscopy, Dark field microscopy, Phase contrast

microscopy, Fluorescent microscopy, Scanning and Transmission electronmicroscopy

3.3. Outlines of classification ofmicroorganisms

3.4. Structure and general characteristics of bacteria andvirus

3.5. Disease causing pathogens and symptoms (eg: Mycobacterium, Hepatitis)

3.6. Structure and general characteristics of micro-algae andfungi

# 4. Unit: Culture and identification of microorganisms

4.1. Methods of sterilization- physical and chemicalmethods

4.2. Bacterial nutrition - nutritional types of bacteria, essential macro, micro nutrients and growth factors.

4.3. Bacterial growth curve-batch and continuous cultures, synchronous

cultures measurement of bacterial growth-measurement of cell number and cell mass

4.4. Factors affecting bacterialgrowth

4.5. Culturing of anaerobic bacteria and viruses

4.6. Pure culture and itscharacteristics

# **OPTIONAL I: BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY AND MICROBIOLOGYPRACTICALS**

1. Preparation of normal, molar& molalsolutions.

- 2. Preparation of buffers (acidic, basic&neutral)
- 3. Qualitative tests of sugars, amino acids&lipids
- 4. Estimation of total sugars by anthronemethod
- 5. Separation of amino acids by paperchromatography
- 6. Estimation of proteins by biuret method
- 7. Sterilizationmethods
- 8. Preparation of microbiological media (bacterial, algal & fungal)
- 9. Isolation of bacteria by streak, spread and pour platemethods
- 10. Isolation of bacteria fromsoil
- 11. Simple staining and differential staining (gram'sstaining)
- 12. Bacterial growth curve
- 13. Technique of micrometry(ocular andstage)

# **Spotters:**

- 1.Osazone
- 2. Globular protein
- 3.Lock and key model
- 4. Completive inhibition
- 5.RUBISCO
- 6.ATPsynthase
- 7.Autoclave
- 8.Laminar air flow
- 9.Tyndalization
- 10. Bacterial growth curve
- 11. Hot airoven
- 12. Serial dilutiontechnique

- 1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry By: David L. Nelson andCox
- 2. Biochemistry By: RexMontgomery
- 3. Harper's Biochemistry By: Robert K.Murray
- 4. Enzymes By: TrevorPalmer
- 5. Enzyme structure and mechanism By:AlanFersht
- 6. Principles of Biochemistry By: Donald J. Voet, Judith G.Voet, CharlotteW.Pratt
- 7. Analytical Biochemistry By:Cooper
- 8. Principles and techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Edited By: Keith Wilson and JohnWalker
- 9. Practical Biochemistry By:Plummer
- 10. Biology of Microorganisms by: Brock, T.D. and Madigan, M.T.
- 11. Microbiology by: Prescott, L.M., Harley, J.P.Klein, D.A.
- 12. Microbiologyby:Pelczar,M.J,Chan,E.C.S.,Ereig,N.R.
- 13. Microbiological applications by:Benson

#### B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- III SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE-1 (SEC-1) BS 301: INDUSTRIAL FERMENTATION

# **1.** Unit: Production of industrial chemicals, biochemicals, chemotherapeutic products and purification of proteins.

1.1. Propionic acid, butyric acid, 2-3 butanediol, gluconic acid, itaconic acid

1.2. Biofuels: biogas, ethanol, butanol, hydrogen, biodiesel

1.3. Microbial insecticides; microbial flavours and fragrances, newer antibiotics

1.4. Anti cancer agents, amino acids

1.5. Upstream and downstream processing, solids and liquid handling

1.6. Centrifugation, filtration of fermentation broth and anaerobic fermentation

#### 2. Unit: Microbial products of pharmacological interest

2.1. Steriod fermentations and transformations

2.2. Metabolic engineering of secondary metabolism for highest productivity

2.3. Enzyme and cell immobilization techniques in industrial processing

2.4. Rate equations for enzyme kinetics- Simple and complex reactions

2.5. Enzymes in organic synthesis, proteolytic enzymes, hydrolytic enzymes, glucose isomerise

2.6. Enzymes in food technology/organic synthesis

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Patel, A.H. (1984). Industrial Microbiology, Mac Milan India Ltd., Hyderabad.

2. Cassida, L.E. (1968). Industrial Microbilogy, Wiley Eastern Ltd. & New Age International Ltd., New Delhi.

3. Crueger, W. and Crueger, A. (2000). Biotechnology – A Text Book of Industrial Microbiology, Panima Publishing Corporation, New Delhi

4. Reedy, G. (Ed.) (1987). Prescott & Dunn's Industrial Microbiology, 4th Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.

5. Reddy, S.R. and Singara Charya, M.A. (2007). A Text Book of Microbiology - Applied Microbiology. Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

6. Singh, R.P. (2007). Applied Microbiology. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Demain, A.L. and Davies, J.E. (1999). Manual of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology, ASM Press, Washington, D.C., USA.

### B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- III SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE -2 (SEC- 2) BS 302: IMMUNOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES

#### 1. Unit: Antibody assays - Principle, Methodology and Applications

- 1.1. Antigen Antibody reactions: opsonisation, neutralization, precipitation & agglutination
- 1.2. Immuno diffusion & radial diffusion
- 1.3. Immunoelectrophoresis-rocket and counter current
- 1.4. ELISA & western blotting
- 1.5. Radioimmunology assay & immunofluorescent assay
- 1.6. Immunohistochemistry

#### 2. Unit: Cellular Assays - Principle, Methodology and Applications

- 2.1. Total and differential count in human peripheral blood
- 2.2. Separation of mononuclear cells from human peripheral blood
- 2.3. Cell viability assay using tryphan blue
- 2.4. Lymphocyte transformation assay
- 2.5. Enumeration of T & B cells from human peripheral blood
- 2.6. Micro cytotoxicity assay for HLA typing

- 1. Essential Immunology by I. Roitt, Publ: Blackwell
- 2. Immunology by G. Reever& I. Todd, Publ: Blackwell
- 3. Cellular and Molecular Immunology by Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, Pillai S. Saunders publication, Philadelphia
- 4. Kuby's Immunology by Golds RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA. W.H. Freeman and company, New York

#### B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- III OPTIONAL-I (DSC-1C) BS 305: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

#### 1. Unit: Genome organization and DNA replication

- 1.1. DNA as the genetic material-Griffiths transformation experiment, Avery, MacLeodand McCarty's experiments and Hershey & Chase phage-labelling experiment; RNAas genetic material-Tobacco mosaic virus
- 1.2. Organization of prokaryotic genome and eukaryotic nuclear genome
- 1.3. Organization of Mitochondrial and chloroplast genomes
- 1.4. DNA Replication- enzymes involved in the replication of DNA, origin of replication fork
- 1.5. Replication of prokaryotic genome and nuclear genome of eukaryotes
- 1.6. Mutations- types of mutations; spontaneous mutations and induced mutations

#### 2. Unit: Gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes

- 2.1. Structure of prokaryotic gene; structure of eukaryotic gene; structure and functions of prokaryotic RNA polymerase-subunits
- 2.2. Transcriptional machinery in eukaryotes (RNA polymerases) and their structural and functional features
- 2.3. Genetic code-properties, deciphering of genetic code, wobble hypothesis
- 2.4. Transcription mechanism in prokarytotes- initiation, elongation & proof reading, termination (rho independent& rho dependent)
- 2.5. Transcription in eukaryotes-Initiation, elongation & termination factors
- 2.6. Translation mechanism- initiation, elongation and termination

#### 3. Unit: Gene regulation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes

- 3.1. Prokaryotic transcriptional regulation (inducible system) operon concept; lac operon & glucose effect
- 3.2. Prokaryotic transcriptional regulation (repressible system) tryptophan operon
- 3.3. Post-transcriptional modifications- capping, poly- adenylation
- 3.4. Splicing and alternate splicing
- 3.5. Post-translational modifications- glycosylation, acetylation, and ubiquitination
- 3.6. Gal regulation in yeast- mating type gene switching

#### 4. Unit: Recombinant DNA technology

- 4.1. Enzymes used in molecular cloning: restriction endonuclease, DNA ligases, polynucleotide kinase, klenow enzyme and DNA polymerase
- 4.2. Cloning Vectors: PBR 322, bacteriophage, cosmid, phagemid, shuttle vectors
- 4.3. Vectors for library preparation (lambda phage vectors, cosmids, BAC & YAC)
- 4.4. Gene transfer techniques: physical, chemical and biological methods
- 4.5. Selection of recombinant clones-colony hybridization & library screening
- 4.6. Applications of recombinant DNA technologies- agriculture, diagnostics, industrial, pharmaceutics and medicine

# **OPTIONAL-I: PRACTICALS MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Isolation of DNA from bacterial cells
- 2. Isolation of plasmid DNA
- 3. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA
- 4. Quantification of DNA by Spectrophotometer
- 5. Separation of proteins by SDS-PAGE
- 6. Polymerase Chain Reaction
- 7. Restriction digestion of DNA
- 8. Bacterial transformation

#### **Spotters:**

- 1. PCR
- 2. RNA polymerase
- 3. Okazaki fragments
- 4. Plasmid vector map
- 5. Prokaryotic gene
- 6. Eukaryotic gene
- 7. Splicing
- 8. Post transcriptional modifications
- 9. Point mutations
- 10. Lac operon
- 11. Tryptophan operon
- 12. Post translational modifications (PTMS)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Molecular Biology of the cell by Alberts, B; Bray, D, Lews, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K and Watson, J.D. Garland publishers, Oxford

- 2. Molecular Biology of the Gene by Watson, Hopkins, Goberts, Steitz and Weiner (Pearson Education)
- 3. Text Book of Biotechnology by H.K. Das (Wiley Publications)
- 4. Gene Structure & Expression by J.D. Howkins, Publ: Cambridge
- 5. Test Book of Molecular Biology by K.S. Sastry, G. Padmanabhan& C. Subramanyan, Publ: Macmillan India
- 6. Principles of Gene Manipulation by R.W. Old & S.B. Primrose, Publ: Blackwell
- 7. Genes by B. Lewin Oxford Univ. Press
- 8. Molecular Biology & Biotechnol. by H.D. Kumar, Publ: Vikas
- 9. Methods for General & Molecular Bacteriology by P. Gerhardf et al., Publ: ASM
- 10. Molecular Biotechnology by G.R. Click and J.J. Pasternak, Publ: Panima
- 11. Genes and Genomes by Maxine Singer and Paul Berg
- 12. Molecular Biology by D. Freifelder, Publ: Narosa
- 13. Molecular biology by F. Weaver. WCB/McGraw Hill.

14. Gene, Genomics and Genetic Engineering by Irfan Ali Khan and AtiyaKhanum (Ukaaz Publications).

## B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- IV SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE-3 (SEC-3) BS 401: MOLECULAR MARKERS IN PLANT BREEDING

#### 1. Unit: Molecular markers in Plant Breeding

1.1. Types of markers - morphological, cytological, biochemical and genetic markers

1.2. Development of molecular markers - scope in plant breeding; criteria for ideal molecular markers

- 1.3. Types of molecular markers
- 1.4. Hybridization based molecular markers RFLP
- 1.5. PCR based molecular markers RAPD, SSRs, AFLP
- 1.6. Sequence based molecular markers SNPs and DArTs

#### 2. Unit: Applications of Molecular markers in Plant Breeding

- 1.1. Segregating populations backcross, double haploid, F2&F3 families, RILs
- 1.2. Linkage mapping and QTL mapping
- 1.3. Marker Assisted Selection (MAS) procedure and applications
- 1.4. Map based cloning of genes

1.5. Fingerprinting - fingerprinting genotypes; assessment of genetic similarity among genotypes; conservation, evaluation and use genetic resources

1.6. Hybrid testing

- 1. Gupta PK. 2010. Plant Biotechnology. Rastogi Publications.
- 2. Chawla HS. 2011. Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Chittaranjan K. 2006-07. Genome Mapping and Molecular Breeding in Plants. Vols. I-VII. Springer.16
- Newbury HJ. 2003. Plant Molecular Breeding. Blackwell Publ.Weising K, Nybom H, Wolff K & Kahl G. 2005. DNA Fingerprinting in Plants: Principles, Methods and Applications. Taylor & Francis.

#### B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- IV SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE-4 (SEC-4) BS 402: DRUG DESIGNING

#### 1. Unit: Introduction to Drug Discovery

1.1. Drug discovery process - historical perspective and challenges

1.2.Drug targets: proteins- receptors, ion channels and transporters; DNA- gene specific inhibitors of transcription

1.3. Drug target identification and validation: genetic approaches to identify target candidates such as mapping disease loci; role of bioinformatics in the analysis of nucleic acid sequence, proteinsequence and structure.

1.4. Structural bioinformatics: prediction of 3D structure of protein using homology modelling, threading and ab-initio approach.

1.5. Structure-based drug design: active site detection, docking, binding energy calculations

1.6. Ligand-based drug design: computational methods to screen databases for new leads

#### 2. Unit: Strategies of Drug Development

2.1. Strategies of drug designing: lead generation through combinatorial chemistry 2.2. Preparation of active compounds: natural products, synthetic compounds, semi synthetic compounds

2.3.Lead identification: High throughput screening and hit generation- small molecule drugs, large molecule drugs.

2.4.Lead optimization: Properties of druggable compounds (Lipinski rule), pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics

2.5. Screening of lead molecules from the phase I- IV to final drug molecule.

2.6. Pharmacogenomics: it's role in drug development and optimization

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Textbook of Drug Design. Krogsgaard-Larsen, Liljefors and Madsen (Editors), Taylor and Francis, London UK, 2002.

2.Drug Discovery Handbook S.C. Gad (Editor) Wiley-Interscience Hoboken USA, 2005.

3.Advanced Computer- Assisted Techniques in Drug Discovery in Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry by Han van de Waterbeemd (ed.) Volume 3,1994,

Publishers, New York, NY (USA).

4.Virtual Screening for Bioactive Molecules by in Methods and Principles inMedicinal Chemistry, Edited by Hans-Joachim Bohm and GisbertSchneider, Volume 10, 2000 5.Burger's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery, 6th Edition, Vol. 1. Principles and Practice, edited by M. E. Wolff, John Wiley & Sons: New York, 2003.

6.Real world drug discovery: A chemist's guide to biotech and pharmaceutical research by Robert M. Rydzewski, Elsevier Science, 1 edition (2008)

7.Drug discovery and development: Technology in transition by Raymond G Hill, Churchill Livingstone, 2 edition (2012)

## B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY II YEAR SEMESTER- IV OPTIONAL-I (DSC-1D) BS 405: BIOINFORMATICS AND BIOSTATISTICS

#### 1. Unit: Introduction to bioinformatics and biological databases

- 1.1. Bioinformatics definition, history, scope and applications
- 1.2. Bioinformatics tools and resources- internet basics, role of internet, free online tools, downloadable free tools
- 1.3. Bioinformatic web portals NCBI, EBI, ExPASy
- 1.4. Biological databases: Classification of databases primary (Genbank), secondary (PIR) and tertiary or composite (KEGG) databases
- 1.5. Sequence databases DNA sequence databases (ENA &DDBJ)
- 1.6. Protein sequence databases (Swissprot& PROSITE)

#### 2. Unit: Sequence Alignment

- 2.1. Basics of sequence alignment match, mismatch, gaps, gap penalties, scoring alignment
- 2.2. Types of sequence alignment pairwise and multiple alignment, local and global alignment
- 2.3. Dot matrix comparison of sequences
- 2.4. Scoring matrices PAM and BLOSUM
- 2.5. Pairwise sequence similarity search by BLAST and FASTA
- 2.6. Concepts of phylogeny- distance based (NJ method) and character based (ML method) tree construction methods

#### 3. Unit: Descriptive Biostatistics and Probability

- 3.1. Introduction to biostatistics, kinds of data and variables based on nature (numerical- discrete and continuous; categorical- ordinal and nominal) based on source (primary and secondary data); sample size, sampling methods and sampling errors.
- 3.2. Data tabulation and representation methods: graphical methods- stem and leaf plot, line diagram, bar graphs, histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curves; diagrammatic method- pie diagram
- 3.3. Measures of central tendency mean, median, mode; merits and demerits

3.4. Measures of dispersion-range, variance, standard deviation, standard error and coefficient of variation; merits and demerits

3.5. Concepts of probability - random experiment, events, probability of an event, probability rules (addition and multiplication), uses of permutations and combinations, random variables (discrete and continuous)

3.6. Probability distributions: Binomial & Poisson distributions for discrete variables, Normal distribution for continuous variables

#### 4. Unit: Applications of Biostatistics

4.1. Hypothesis testing - steps in testing for statistical hypothesis, null and alternative hypothesis, level of significance- type-1 and type-2 errors

4.2. Test of significance for small samples- Student's t-test (one sample and two samples) 4.3. Test of significance for large samples- Z-test for means and proportions

- 4.4. Chi-square test and its applications- goodness of fit, test of independence
- 4.5. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) one way analysis
- 4.6. Correlation definition, simple and linear analysis, Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient

# OPTIONAL I: PRACTICALS BIOINFORMATICS AND BIOSTATISTICS

- 1. Exploring web portals NCBI, EBI & ExPASy
- 2. Literature search through Pubmed and Pubmed Central
- 3. Sequence retrieval from Genbank, ENA, Swissprot
- 4. Pairwise homology search by BLAST and FASTA

5. Calculation of mean, median, mode, standard deviation, variance, standard error and coefficient of variation

- 6. Construction of bar diagram, pie diagram, line diagram, histogram
- 7. Problems on hypothesis testing using Z- test, t-test and Chi-square test
- 8. Problems on probability and probability distributions

## Spotters

- 1. Line diagram, bar diagram & pie diagrams
- 2. Histogram, frequency polygon & frequency curve
- 3. Normal Probable curve
- 4. GenBank
- 5. DDBJ
- 6. SWISS-PROT
- 7. PROSITE
- 8. PIR
- 9. BLAST
- 10. Pairwise alignment
- 11. Multiple sequence alignment
- 12. PAM and BLOSUM
- 13. Phylogenetic tree

# **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Khan & Khanum (2004), Fundamentals of Biostatistics, II Revised Edition, Ukaaz Publication
- 2. Bailey, N.T.J, Statistical methods in Biology, Cambridge Univ. Press
- 3. Fundamentals of Biostatistics, P HanmanthRao and K.Janardhan
- 4. Danial, W. W, Biostatistics, Wiley
- 5. Introduction to Bioinformatics byAurther M lesk
- 6. Developing Bioinformatics Computer Skills by: Cynthia Gibas, Per Jambeck
- 7. Bioinformatics second edition by David M mount
- 8. Essential Bioinformatics by Jin Xiong
- 9. Bioinformatics Computing by Bryan Bergeron
- 10. Bioinformatics: Concepts, Skills & Applications by R.S. Rastogi
- 11. Queen, J. P., Quinn, G. P., & Keough, M. J. (2002). *Experimental design and data analysis for biologists*. Cambridge University Press
- 12. Mahajan, B.K. (2002). Methods in biostatistics. Jaypee Brothers Publishers

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- V GENERIC ELECTIVE (GE) BS 503: BASICS IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

## 1. Unit: Agricultural Biotechnology

1.1. Plant tissue culture - media, sterilization, culture types

1.2. Micro-propagation, Synthetic seeds, Somatic hybrids and haploid plants

1.3. Transgenic plants - direct & indirect methods of gene transfer

1.4. Applications of transgenic plants - improving productivity & nutritional quality

1.5. Applications of transgenic plants - stress tolerant plants & molecular farming

1.6. Biofertilizers and biopesticides

#### 2. Unit: Microbial and Industrial Biotechnology

2.1. Exploitation of micro-organisms and their products

2.2. Isolation, screening and selection of microorganisms for industrial products

2.3. Preservation of microorganisms

2.4. Strain development and improvement, strategies of strain improvement selection and

## recombination

2.5. Production of recombinant DNA vaccine, amino acids, vitamins

2.6. Single cell protein, dairy products, penicillin and streptomycin production

#### 3. Unit: Animal and Medical Biotechnology

3.1. Cell culture technique and its applications

3.2. Animal breeding (selective breeding and cross breeding) and its limitations

3.3.In vitro techniques in animal improvement: in vitro fertilization & microinjection

3.4. Genetically modified animals: transgenic & knock-outs

3.5. Mouse models of disease: cancer and diabetes

3.6. Biotechniques: gel electrophoresis and PCR

#### 4. Unit: Computer applications in Biotechnology

4.1. Scope of computer applications in Biotechnology

4.2. Biotechnology tools and resources- role of the internet, free online tools, downloadable free software

4.3. Biotechnology web portals - NCBI, EBI, ExPASy

4.4. Biological databases: classification of databases - the primary (Genbank), secondary (PIR) databases

4.5. Sequence databases - DNA sequence databases (ENA &DDBJ)

4.6. Protein sequence databases (Swissprot & PROSITE)

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- V OPTIONAL- I (A) (DSE- 1E) BS 504(A): PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

## 1. Unit: Fundamentals of Plant Tissue Culture

- 1.1. Introduction to Plant tissue culture, totipotency of plant cells (dedifferentiation, redifferentiation and regeneration)
- 1.2. Nutritional requirements for plant tissue culture: nutrient media macronutrients and micronutrients, media additives (carbon source, vitamins, amino acids); types of media
- 1.3. Plant growth regulators auxins, cytokinins and gibberllins
- 1.4. Preparation of media, sterilization, selection & surface sterilization of explant, inoculation, incubation and culture of plant tissue *in vitro*
- 1.5. Induction of callus cultures and cell suspension cultures
- 1.6. Organogenesis and somatic embryogenesis

# 2. Unit: Applications of Plant Tissue Culture

- 2.1. Meristem culture, micropropagation and their applications
- 2.2. Encapsulation and production of synthetics seeds and their applications
- 2.3. Cell suspension cultures (batch and continuous cultures) and applications
- 2.4. Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion development of somatic hybrids & cybrids and their applications
- 2.5. Somaclonal variation and its applications
- 2.6. Anther and pollen culture for production of haploids & their applications
- 2.7. Cryopreservation conservation of plant germplasm

# 3. Unit: Production of Transgenic Plants

- 3.1. Direct gene transfer techniques physical methods: microinjection, particle bombardment (gene gun) and electroporation & chemical methods
- 3.2. Molecular mechanism of Agrobacterium infection and features of Ti Plasmid
- 3.3. Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer using binary and co-integrate vectors
  - 3.4. Viral vectors for gene transfer into plants
  - 3.5. Selection of transgenic plants using reporter and selection marker genes
  - 3.6. Genome editing CRISPR CAS 9 Technology

# 4. Unit: Applications of Transgenic Plants

- 4.1.Herbicide resistance in transgenic plants glyphosate tolerance
  - 4.2. Insect resistant transgenic plants: Bt cotton, proteinase inhibitors, lectins
  - 4.3. Virus, bacterial and fungal resistant transgenic plants
  - 4.4. Abiotic Stress tolerance: drought, heat and salinity stress tolerant plants
  - 4.5. Transgenic plants with enhanced nutritional value: vitamin A, oil, amino acids
  - 4.6. Transgenic plants as bioreactors: edible vaccines, antibody production, biodegradable plastics

# **OPTIONAL-I (A): PRACTICALS PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Preparation of media for plant tissue culture
- 2. Sterilization methods of explants (seed, leaf, inter node & root) and inoculation
- 3. Establishment of callus cultures from carrot/rice
- 4. Preparation of synthetic seeds
- 5. Meristem culture
- 6. Cell suspension cultures
- 7. Protoplast isolation and culture
- 8. *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation

# Spotters

- 1. Callus cultures
- 2. Sterilization techniques: autoclave and hot air Oven
- 3. Somatic embryos
- 4. Synthetic seeds
- 5. Meristem culture
- 6. Plant regeneration
- 7. Cell suspension cultures
- 8. Isolation of protoplasts
- 9. Particle bombardment (Gene gun)
- 10. Binary or co-integrate vectors
- 11. Gus gene expression in transgenic plant tissue
- 12. Golden Rice

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Plant Tissue Culture and its Biotechnological Applications by W. Barz, E. Reinhard, M.H. Zenk
- 2. Plant Tissue Culture by Akio Fujiwara
- 3. Frontiers of Plant Tissue Culture by Trevor A. Thorpe
- 4. In vitro Haploid Production in Higher Plants by S. Mohan Jain, S.K. Sopory, R.E. Veilleux
- 5. Plant Tissue Culture : Theory and Practice by S.S. Bhojwani and A. Razdan

6. Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture, Applied and Fundamental Aspects by Y.P.S. Bajaj and A. Reinhard

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- V OPTIONAL- I (B) (DSE- 1E) BS 504(B): MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### 1. Unit: Inheritance of humandiseases and karyotyping

1.1. Inheritance patterns - pedigreeanalysis of autosomal traits

1.2. Inheritance patterns - pedigreeanalysis of allosomal traits

1.3. Factors affecting pedigree pattern- penetrance, expressivity

1.4. Genetic heterogeneity- allele and locus heterogeneity

1.5. Karyotyping of human chromosomes

1.6. Chromosome staining - G, Q, R and C banding techniques

#### 2. Unit: Genetic basis of human disorders

2.1. Chromosomal disorders caused due to structural chromosomal abnormalities (deletions, duplications, translocations and inversions)

- 2.2. Chromosomal disorders caused due to numerical chromosomal abnormalities (euploidy, aneuploidy, autosomal and allosomal)
- 2.3. Monogenic disorders (autosomal and X-linked diseases)
- 2.4. Mitochondrial diseases LHON, MERRF
- 2.5. Multifactorial disorders diabetes and hypertension
- 2.6. Cancer- types of cancer, genetic basis of cancer (oncogenes, tumour suppressor genes)

#### 3. Unit: Techniques for diagnosis of human diseases

3.1. Prenatal diagnosis - invasive techniques - amniocentesis, chorionic villi sampling (Down's syndrome); non-invasive techniques - ultrasonography (neural tube defects)

- 3.2. Diagnosis using enzyme markers Guthrie test (phenylketoneuria)
- 3.3. Diagnosis using monoclonal antibodies -ELISA (HIV)
- 3.4. DNA/RNA based diagnosis HBV
- 3.5. PCR based genotyping techniques for diagnosis RFLP (MTHFR C677T mutation)
- 3.6. Chip based diagnosis and applications colon cancer

#### 4. Unit: Therapeutic approaches for human diseases

- 4.1. Recombinant proteins human growth hormone, insulin
- 4.2. Gene therapy ex vivo and in vivo gene therapy
- 4.3. Stem cells potency definitions; embryonic and adult stem cells
- 4.4. Applications of stem cell based therapies and regenerativemedicine
- 4.5. DNA based vaccines, subunit vaccines herpes simplex virus; recombinant attenuated vaccines cholera vaccine
- 4.6. Applications of monoclonal antibodies

# OPTIONAL-I (B): PRACTICALS MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

- 1. Karyotyping of normal human chromosome set
- 2. Karyotyping of autosomal abnormality (Down's syndrome)
- 3. Karyotyping of allosomal abnormality (Klinefelter syndrome)
- 4. Chromosome banding G banding
- 5. Human pedigree analysis of autosomal disorder
- 6. Human pedigree analysis of allosomal disorder
- 7. Estimation of C-reactive protein
- 8. DOT ELISA

#### Spotters

- 1. Identify the karyotype (Down's syndrome)
- 2. Identify the karyotype (Klinefelter syndrome)
- 3. Chromosomal banding technique
- 4. Identify the inheritance pattern of pedigree (autosomal disorder)
- 5. Identify the inheritance pattern of pedigree (allosomal disorder)
- 6. Prenatal diagnosis- invasive technique
- 7. Prenatal diagnosis- non invasive technique
- 8. Identify the type of gene therapy- ex vivo/in vivo
- 9. Recombinant vaccine
- 10. ELISA technique
- 11. Identify the SNP genotypes of different samples after performing PCR-RFLP
- 12. Count the viable cells on neubauer chamber (hemocytometer)

- 1. Medical Biotechnology by Pratibha Nallari, V. Venugopalrao OxfordPress
- 2. Introduction to Human Molecular Genetics by J.J Pasternak John WileyPublishers.
- 3. Human Molecular Genetics by Tom Strachen and A P Read Bios ScientificPublishers
- 4. Human Genetics Molecular Evolution by McConkey
- 5. Recombinant DNA Technology by AEHEmery
- 6. Principles and Practice of Medical Genetics I, II, III Volumes by AEHEmery
- 7. Molecular Biotechnology by Glick and Pasternak

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- VI OPTIONAL PAPER I BS 601: IPR, BIOSAFETY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

# 1. Unit: Intellectual Property rights

- 1.1. Intellectual Property-meaning, nature
- 1.2. Significance and need of protection of intellectual property
- 1.3. Types of intellectual property rights: patent, trademarks, copyright, design registration, trade secret, geographical indicators, plant variety protection
- 1.4. Copyright: meaning, nature, historical evolution and significance
- 1.5. Ownership of copyright rights of authors and owners, trademarks
- 1.6. Plant varieties protection and plant breeding rights

# 2. Unit: Patent laws

- 2.1. Patents- concept of patent- historical overview of the patent law in India
  - 2.2. Kinds of patents- procedure for obtaining patent in India and in other countries
- 2.3. Patenting microbes and organisms- novelty, International Depository Authorities (IDAs), submitting details of the deposit
  - 2.4. Patenting genes pros and cons, ethics, examples
  - 2.5. Patenting markers and variants- examples
  - 2.6. Product vs process patent- product life cycle and process design.

# 3. Unit: Laboratory Management and Safety

- 3.1. Administration of laboratories, laboratory design, laboratory information management system
  - 3.2. Laboratory safety- good laboratory practice (GLP), biosafety levels
  - 3.3. Basic principles of quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA)
  - 3.4. Handling of hazardous compounds- chemicals, solvents, poisons, isotopes, explosives and biological strains
- 3.5. Storage of hazardous material
  - 3.6. Disposal of biological and radioisotope wastes

# 4. Unit: Entrepreneurship

- 4.1. Concept, definition, structure and theories of entrepreneurship
  - 4.2. Types of start-ups with examples
  - 4.3. Types of entrepreneurship, environment, process of entrepreneurial development
  - 4.4. Entrepreneurial culture, entrepreneurial leadership
  - 4.5. Product planning and development project management, search for business idea, concept of projects, project identification
  - 4.6. Promoting bio-entrepreneurship

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- VI OPTIONAL- II (A) (DSE- 1F) BS 604(A): ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### 1. Unit: Animal cell culture: principles and applications

- 1.1. Cell culture technique: cell culture media, sterilization techniques
- 1.2. Characteristic features of cell lines and cell line maintenance
- 1.3. Methods of isolation and separation of various cell types and establishment of cell lines
- 1.4. Properties and types of stem cells, culturing of embryonic stem cells and adult stem cells
- 1.5. Manipulation of cells: electroporation, transfection, transduction and microinjection
- 1.6. Applications of cell culture: manufacturing, toxicity testing and tissue engineering

#### 2. Unit: In vitro techniques in animal improvement

- 2.1. Principles of animal breeding: selective breeding, cross breeding and their limitations
- 2.2. Superovulation, collection of semen and ova
- 2.3. In vitro maturation of oocytes, artificial insemination
- 2.4. In vitro fertilization, embryo collection and embryo sexing
- 2.5. Somatic cell nuclear transfer, cloning of animals (example: Dolly)
- 2.6. Applications of in vitro techniques in animal improvement

#### 3. Unit: Molecular markers in animal genetics

- 3.1. Developments in livestock genomics (Estimated Breeding Value -EBV)
- 3.2. Molecular markers: types and characteristics
- 3.3. RFLP and RAPD
- 3.4. SNPs and their application in genotyping
- 3.5. Identification and isolation of desired genes of interest
- 3.6. Marker-assisted selection

#### 4. Unit: Genetically modified organisms

- 4.1. Animal models and their significance in scientific research
- 4.2. Mouse models for cancer
- 4.3. Generation of transgenic mouse
- 4.4. Generation of gene knock-out mouse
- 4.5. Genetically modified mice as disease models
- 4.6. Applications of genetically modified animals in understanding disease biology and drug development

# **OPTIONAL-I (A): PRACTICALS ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Preparation of animal cell culture media
- 2. Sterilization of cell culture media
- 3. Cell counting by microscopy
- 4. Isolation of cells from chicken Liver
- 5. Establishment of primary cell culture: Liver/Spleen
- 6. Preparation of metaphase chromosomes
- 7. Culturing suspension cells
- 8. Culturing adherent cells

## Spotters

- 1. Microscope
- 2. CO2 incubator
- 3. Biosafety cabinet/ Laminar air flow
- 4. Trypan blue stained cells
- 5. Cell culture flasks and dishes
- 6. Metaphase slide
- 7. Autoclave
- 8. Centrifuge
- 9. Example of an RFLP
- 10. Microinjection into egg cells

- 1. Text book of Animal Biotechnology by B Singh. The Energy and Resources Institute (teri)
- 2. Genetics for Animal Sciences by WH Freeman. Van Vleck LD, Pollak EJ & Bltenacu EAB. 1987.
- 3. Cancer Cell Culture: Methods and Protocols: 731 (Methods in Molecular Biology) Humana; 2nd ed. 2011 edition (28 April 2011)
- 4. Genetic Engineering by V.K.Agarwal and P.S. Varma, S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2009

# B.Sc BIOTECHNOLOGY III YEAR SEMESTER- VI OPTIONAL- II (B) (DSE- 1F) BS 604(B): ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

## 1. Unit: Environmental Pollution

- 1.1. Introduction to environment and pollution
- 1.2. Types of pollution air, water and soil pollutions
- 1.3. Types of pollutants inorganic, organic and biotic
- 1.4. Sources of pollution domestic waste, agricultural waste, industrial effluents and municipal waste
- 1.5. Greenhouse gases, global warming and climate change
- 1.6. Measurement methods of environmental pollution BOD & COD

## 2. Unit: Biomass and Biofuels

- 2.1. Renewable and non-renewable energy resources
- 2.2. Fossil fuels as energy source and their impact on environment
- 2.3. Biomass as source of energy (bioenergy)
- 2.4. Types of biomass plant, animal and microbial biomass
- 2.5. Production of biofuels: bioethanol and biodiesel
- 2.6. Production of biohydrogen and biomethane

## 3. Unit:Biofertilizers and Biopesticides

- 3.1. Chemical fertilizers and their impact on environment (eutrophication)
- 3.2. Concepts of biofertilizers
- 3.3. Types of biofertilizers bacterial, fungal and algal biofertilizers
- 3.4. Pesticides and their impact on environment
- 3.5. Concepts of biopesticides; types of biopesticides
- 3.6. Uses of biofertilizers & biopesticides

# 4. Unit: Bioremediation of Environmental Pollutants

- 4.1. Waste water treatment sewage and industrial effluents (aerobic and anaerobic methods)
- 4.2. Bioremediation concepts and types (in-situ and ex-situ bioremediation)
- 4.3. Bioremediation of toxic metal ions biosorption and bioaccumulation
- 4.4. Composting of organic wastes
- 4.5. Microbial remediation of pesticides and xenobiotic compounds
- 4.6. Phytoremediation- concepts and applications

# **OPTIONAL-I (B): PRACTICALS ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Estimation of BOD in polluted water samples
- 2. Estimation of COD in polluted water samples
- 3. Estimation of total dissolved solid in waste water samples
- 4. Determination of quality of water sample (Coliform test)
- 5. Isolation of microorganisms from polluted soil/industrial effluents
- 6. Production of hydrogen or biogas
- 7. Identification and characterization of bioremediation microorganisms
- 8. Production of microbial biofertilizer

## Spotters

- 1. Air/water/soil pollution
- 2. Municipal waste
- 3. Industrial effluents
- 4. Algal blooms
- 5. Green house effect
- 6. Plant biomass
- 7. Waste water treatment plant
- 8. Organic composting
- 9. Biogas plant
- 10. Xenobiotic degrading bacteria
- 11. Phytoremediation
- 12. Microbial biofertilizers

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Text Book of Biotechnology by H.K. Das (Wiley Publications)
- 2. Biotechnology by H.J. Rehm and G. Reed. VIH Publications, Germany
- 3. Biogas Technology by b.T. Nijaguna
- 4. Biotechnology by K. Trehan
- 5. Industrial Microbiology by L.E. Casida
- 6. Food Microbiology by M.R. Adams and M.O. Moss
- 7. Introduction to Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta
- 8. Essentials of Biotechnology for Students by Satya N. Das
- 9. Bioethics Readings and Cases by B.A. Brody and H. T. Engelhardt. Jr. (Pearson Education)

10. Biotechnology, IPRs and Biodiversity by M.B. Rao and Manjula Guru (Pearson Education)

# QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FACULTY OF SCIENCE B.SC. BIOTECHNOLOGY

Title of the Paper: [Duration:3 Hours]

PART A:

[Max Marks=80M]

[4x12=48M]

## **SECTION-A**

## Short Answer type questions Answer any EIGHT questions (TWO FROM EACH PART) [8x4=32M]

1.	Unit - I				
2.	Unit –I				
3.	Unit –I				
PART B:					
4.	Unit – II				
	Unit - II				
6.	Unit – II				
PAI	RT C:				
7.	Unit -III				
8.	Unit -III				
9.	Unit – III				
PART D:					
10.	Unit -IV				
	Unit -IV				
	Unit –IV				
13.	(a) Unit –I				
	OR				
	(b) Unit –I				
14.	(a) Unit –II				
	OR				
	(b) Unit-II				

15. (a) Unit – III OR (b) Unit – III

16. (a) Unit-IV OR

(b)Unit- IV

**SECTION-B** 

Answer allquestions

**Essay Answertype question**